

## Fiber Compression

The useful equation is  $\sigma = \frac{3\pi E}{b^3} \frac{1 - \sqrt{\frac{v_f}{v_0}}}{\left(\sqrt{\frac{v_a}{v_f}} - 1\right)^4}$

substituting values

$$\sigma = \frac{3 \times \pi \times 10.5 \times 10^6}{(300)^4} \frac{1 - \sqrt{\frac{0.5}{0.35}}}{\left(\sqrt{\frac{0.785}{0.5}} - 1\right)^4}$$

$$= -0.58 \text{ psi (compression)}$$

## Permeability

(a) Find  $S$  for low

$$S = \frac{r_f^2 (1 - v_f)^3}{4k v_f^2} = \frac{(4 \times 10^{-3})^2 (0.15)^3}{4 \times 18 \times (0.85)^2}$$

$$\underline{S = 1.04 \times 10^{-9} \text{ mm}^2}$$

(b) low penetration time

$$A = \frac{12000}{0.85} \times \frac{\pi}{4} \times (8 \times 10^{-3})^2 = 0.71 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$= 6t \times 1t = 6t^2$$

$$\text{so } t = 0.34 \text{ mm}, \quad w = 6t = 2.06 \text{ mm}$$

$$t = \frac{-\eta z^2}{2S \Delta P}$$

$$\eta = 1 \text{ P} = 10^{-4} \text{ kPa s}$$

$$\Delta P = -100 \text{ psi} = -689.5 \text{ kPa}$$

$$t = \frac{10^{-4} \times (0.34)^2}{2 \times 1.04 \times 10^{-9} \times 689.5} = \underline{\underline{8.1 \text{ s}}}$$

© S for fabric

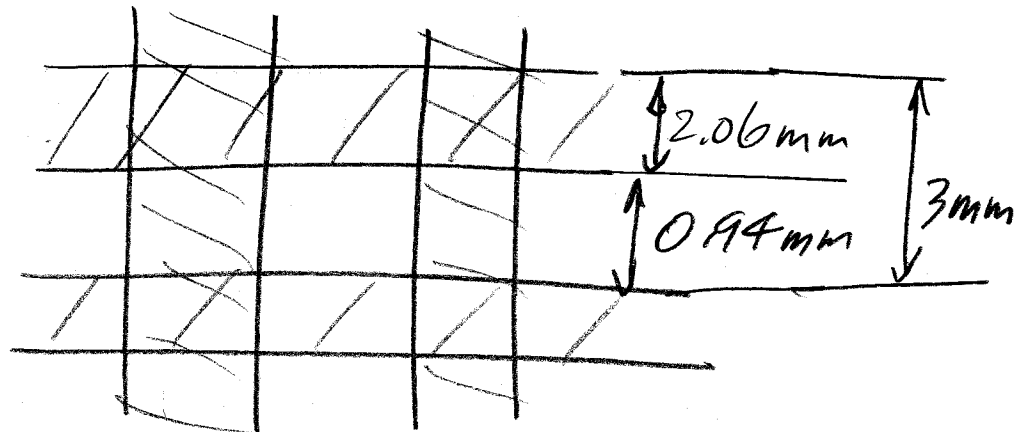
$$S = (1 - v_f) S'$$

$$S' = \frac{\Gamma_h^2}{K}$$

$$\Gamma_h = \frac{\text{flow area}}{\text{wetted perimeter}}$$

here, we need to calculate the size of the holes (pores) in the fabric, assuming flow is from the top to the bottom.

Here is a unit cell



if we assume the hole is two tows thick,

$$\begin{aligned}\text{then the flow area} &= 0.94 \times 0.94 \\ &= 0.88 \text{ mm}^2\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{and the wetted perimeter} &= 4 \times 0.94 \\ &= 3.76 \text{ mm}\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{so } r_h = \frac{0.88}{3.76} = 0.23 \text{ mm}$$

$$S' = \frac{r_h^2}{K} = \frac{(0.23 \times 10^{-3})^2}{18} = 2.94 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m}^2$$

now we need  $\nu$  tows

Assume 1m x 1m fabric size

Fabric thickness  $T = 2t = 0.68 \text{ mm}$

There is one tow every 3.3 mm or  
333 tows / meter, hence there  
are 667 tows / m<sup>2</sup>

$$\begin{aligned}V_{\text{tows}} &= 667 \times (0.71 \text{ mm}^2) \times (10^{-3} \text{ m/mm})^2 \times 1 \text{ m} \\ &= 4.74 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^3\end{aligned}$$

$$V_{\text{fabric}} = 0.68 \times 10^{-3} \times 1 \text{ m}^2 = 6.8 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^3$$

$$v_{\text{fours}} = \frac{V_{\text{fours}}}{V_{\text{fabric}}} = \frac{4.74}{6.8} = 0.697$$

$$\text{so } S = (1 - v_f) S' = (1 - 0.697) \times 2.94 \times 10^{-9}$$

$$S = 8.9 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m}^2$$

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or using the model fabric

$$V_{\text{fabric}} = 3 \times 3 \times 0.68 = 6.12 \text{ mm}^3$$

$$V_{\text{holes}} = 0.94 \times 0.94 \times 0.68 = 0.60 \text{ mm}^3$$

$$\text{so } v_{\text{fours}} = \frac{6.12 - 0.6}{6.12} = 0.901$$

$$\text{and } S = (1 - 0.901) 2.94 \times 10^{-9}$$

$$S = 2.91 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m}^2$$

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$$\textcircled{d} \quad t = \frac{-\eta z^2}{2S\Delta P} = \frac{10^{-4} \times (0.68 \times 10^{-3})^2}{2 \times 8.9 \times 10^{-10} \times 689.5}$$

$$\underline{t = 3.77 \times 10^{-5} \text{ s}}$$

or

$$\underline{t = \frac{(10^{-4})(0.68 \times 10^{-3})^2}{2 \times 2.91 \times 10^{-10} \times 689.5}}$$

$$\underline{t = 1.15 \times 10^{-4} \text{ s}}$$

In either case, it is much easier to permeate the fabric than the tows, due to the much more open structure of the fabric.